



# Habitats and Ecosystems

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Grade: Grade 3

## Part A: Fill in the Blank

Write the missing word or number on each line.

1. Bees help flowers by spreading \_\_\_\_\_ from plant to plant.
2. When animals breathe out, they release \_\_\_\_\_ that plants need.
3. A \_\_\_\_\_ consumer eats primary consumers, like a frog eating insects.
4. The nonliving parts of an ecosystem are called \_\_\_\_\_ factors.
5. Trees provide \_\_\_\_\_ and food for many forest animals.
6. Without \_\_\_\_\_, plants cannot make food through photosynthesis.
7. An ecosystem where trees lose their leaves each fall is a \_\_\_\_\_ forest.
8. Earthworms improve soil by creating \_\_\_\_\_ as they dig tunnels.
9. The living parts of an ecosystem are called \_\_\_\_\_ factors.

## Part B: Matching

Match each item on the left to the correct answer on the right.

1. Match each habitat feature to its correct biome.

|                            |         |            |
|----------------------------|---------|------------|
| frozen ground year-round   | → _____ | grassland  |
| very heavy daily rainfall  | → _____ | desert     |
| tall grasses and few trees | → _____ | tundra     |
| sand dunes and cacti       | → _____ | rainforest |

## Answer Key · Habitats and Ecosystems · Grade: Grade 3

---

### Part A: Fill in the Blank

---

Write the missing word or number on each line.

1. Bees help flowers by spreading pollen from plant to plant.
2. When animals breathe out, they release carbon dioxide that plants need.
3. A secondary consumer eats primary consumers, like a frog eating insects.
4. The nonliving parts of an ecosystem are called abiotic factors.
5. Trees provide shelter and food for many forest animals.
6. Without sunlight, plants cannot make food through photosynthesis.
7. An ecosystem where trees lose their leaves each fall is a deciduous forest.
8. Earthworms improve soil by creating air spaces as they dig tunnels.
9. The living parts of an ecosystem are called biotic factors.

### Part B: Matching

---

Match each item on the left to the correct answer on the right.

1. Match each habitat feature to its correct biome.

|                            |                     |            |
|----------------------------|---------------------|------------|
| frozen ground year-round   | → <u>tundra</u>     | grassland  |
| very heavy daily rainfall  | → <u>rainforest</u> | desert     |
| tall grasses and few trees | → <u>grassland</u>  | tundra     |
| sand dunes and cacti       | → <u>desert</u>     | rainforest |