



Chemical and Physical Changes

Name: _____

Date: _____

Grade: Grade 5

Part A: Fill in the Blank

Write the missing word or number on each line.

1. To separate iron filings from sand, you can use a strong _____ to attract the metal pieces.
2. Pouring muddy water through paper traps the dirt and lets clean water pass; this method is called _____.
3. When salt water sits in the sun, the water turns to vapor and salt is left behind through _____.
4. A kitchen sieve can separate flour from rice through a process called _____, which uses a mesh.
5. The clear liquid that passes through a coffee filter is called the _____, while the grounds left behind are residue.
6. The solid material left behind on filter paper after filtering muddy water is called the _____.
7. To separate a mixture of sugar and pebbles, you could dissolve the sugar in water, then _____ to remove pebbles.
8. Separating mixtures is a _____ change because no new substances are formed during the process.
9. Iron filings stuck to a magnet can be wiped off and used again because separation is _____.

Part B: Matching

Match each item on the left to the correct answer on the right.

1. Match each item to its correct answer.

Iron filings from sand	→ _____	Sifting
Mud from water	→ _____	Magnet
Salt from saltwater	→ _____	Filtering
Flour from rice grains	→ _____	Evaporation

Part A: Fill in the Blank

Write the missing word or number on each line.

1. To separate iron filings from sand, you can use a strong magnet to attract the metal pieces.
2. Pouring muddy water through paper traps the dirt and lets clean water pass; this method is called filtering.
3. When salt water sits in the sun, the water turns to vapor and salt is left behind through evaporation.
4. A kitchen sieve can separate flour from rice through a process called sifting, which uses a mesh.
5. The clear liquid that passes through a coffee filter is called the filtrate, while the grounds left behind are residue.
6. The solid material left behind on filter paper after filtering muddy water is called the residue.
7. To separate a mixture of sugar and pebbles, you could dissolve the sugar in water, then filter to remove pebbles.
8. Separating mixtures is a physical change because no new substances are formed during the process.
9. Iron filings stuck to a magnet can be wiped off and used again because separation is reversible.

Part B: Matching

Match each item on the left to the correct answer on the right.

1. Match each item to its correct answer.

Iron filings from sand	→ <u>Magnet</u>	Sifting
Mud from water	→ <u>Filtering</u>	Magnet
Salt from saltwater	→ <u>Evaporation</u>	Filtering
Flour from rice grains	→ <u>Sifting</u>	Evaporation